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mabif. ad si ope gemato facere nolnerif The Schedula dive A Compendium of Medieval Art?

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9. - II. September, 2010 at the Museum Schnütgen i finiginatif parii arume

Academic and logistic organisation:

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Thomas-Institute (University of Cologne)

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The Schedula diversarum artiu and facto ou refrigerant fue A Compendium of Medieval Art? um / diligent wrum addentes ei ter canduera impone aurii suprechia car

Under the pseudonym "Theophilus Presbyter", a text central to the research and understanding of the arts in the High Middle Ages is bequeathed: the Schedula diversarum artium. These three books, each introduced by a prologue, contain assignments very rich in detail on the modes of fabrication of virtually all medieval objects of art – from the art of illumination and wall painting, via goldsmithing and glas artisanry, up to bell founding and organbuilding. But the status of these texts and their relation vis-à-vis the described activities and objects remains unclear. The still predominant doctrine to understand the Schedula as a key text of Romanesque arts and crafts rather reflects the cultural practice of the modern recipients than providing an explanation for the processes of development in the arts as well as for the self-conception of the "artists" of and; murum in igne Cuq; candu funde I in una mans reduthe 12th century.

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By challenging the hypotheses of authorship (Theophilus) and of the actual workshop (Roger von Helmarshausen) on the basis of recent findings in research, the text of the Schedula as well as its complex context of transmission are brought into the focus of research interest. Hereby it becomes obvious just how inadequate the hitherto existing treatment actually is. The present editions mainly provide a mixed text and abstain almost exclusively from referring to relevant sources. Thus, the misleading impression of a work sui generis is evoked, especially since related categorical sources dealing specifically with material and technique have still remained, in large parts, terra incognita. A contextual relecture of the Schedula demands new methodological approaches, which are to be looked for at this conference.

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Thus, the alleged authors Theophilus or Rogerus are not the main focus of our conference, but in fact the text of the Schedula, its descent, the sources, the genre, and its context of reception. A decisive key for a new, encompassing textual understanding of the Schedula lies in the materiality of transmission of the manuscripts as well as the coverage of its genre-specific context. Intrinsically connected to this is the question of an exact understanding of the underlying concept of "art", which cannot be limited to such disciplinary reductions as the pone et modicii finiginatif i parii arume concept of the "fine arts".

Coulous; general auru falmicando The elected point of departure calls for a broad, interdisciplinary approach to the Schedula diversarum artium, challenging philologists and art historians, codicologists and experts for art technical sources, philosophers and theologians at the same degree to question and rethink their proper viewing patterns. The Schedula is the primary object of this research, but also functions as a focal point for more general questions of the differing disciplines that are to be joined exemplarily. incipial. Primit pla fingtal partefau

This announcement of our conference is at the same time to be understood as an invitation to hand in abstracts for suggested papers to be presented at the conference until 15 November 2009 n I gegon findit singlarit pone. (contact: andreas.speer@uni-koeln.de). un finda finglaru ut coquat

Il emde accepe parte lateril coch Acdin The international conference is part of a research project promoted by the Fritz Thy//en Stiftung (www.thomasinstitut.uni-koeln.de/forschung/theophilus).